

## SWTPC 6800 Rotating Bit RAM Memory Diagnostic ROBIT-1

This rotating bit memory diagnostic is designed to check for and locate memory retaining problems in the SWTPC 6800 Computer System memory boards, MP-M/MP-MX. The program itself uses 85<sub>10</sub> words and is meant to be loaded within the 128 word RAM used by the MIKBUG operating system on the MP-A Microprocessor/System board. This makes the program independent of the MP-M/MP-MX RAM memory. The diagnostic may be loaded from either tape or from the terminal instruction by instruction using MIKBUG starting from address A014<sub>16</sub> thru A07A<sub>16</sub>. The program must be loaded in two parts to avoid interfering with the system's push-down stack. The contiguous section of memory to be tested is set by loading the most significant byte of the lower memory address into A002<sub>16</sub>, the least significant byte of the lower memory address into A003<sub>16</sub>, the most significant byte of the upper memory address into A004<sub>16</sub>, and the least significant byte of the upper memory address into A005<sub>16</sub> using MIKBUG just as is done for MIKBUG punch routine. The lower and upper addresses are inclusive and may be any addresses between 0000<sub>16</sub> and FFFF<sub>16</sub> with the only requirement that the lower address be less than or equal to the upper address. Since addresses A07B<sub>16</sub> thru A07F<sub>16</sub> of the MIKBUG RAM are still available for program use, the diagnostic may be run on these locations just to make sure the diagnostic itself is functioning correctly. Since the program counter is set when the program is initially loaded, the routine is initiated after loading according to the "Go To User's Program" section of the Engineering Note 100 in the Operating System section of this notebook. Once initiated, the program may then be re-started after setting the program counter to A018<sub>16</sub> at A048 and A049 as described in the "Display Contents of MPU Registers Function" section of the Engineering Note 100.

The test sequence starts from the lower address and loads that address with a binary 0000 0001 or 01<sub>16</sub>. The data in this location is then read and verified. If accurate the "one" bit is shifted left to form a binary 1000 0010 or 02<sub>16</sub> and is then again tested. This shift left sequence continues until a binary 1000 0000 or 80<sub>16</sub> has been loaded and verified, at which time the entire sequence is repeated at the next sequential memory address. This sequence continues until the selected upper memory address is reached. The program then prints a "+" on the control terminal to indicate cycle completion and proceeds to repeat itself. The program loops forever and may be exited when desired by depressing the "RESET" switch which loads the MIKBUG control program. When an error is detected, the memory address followed by what data should have been followed by what the memory data was, are printed out on the control terminal in hexadecimal (base 16) form.  
Example:

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*0110 02 00
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When converted to binary this means that when address 0110, which is located in the first 1,024 words of RAM memory, was loaded with a binary 0000 0010 it was read back as containing a binary 0000 0000 which indicates a possible problem in the 2<sup>1</sup> bit memory chip in the lower 1,024 words of memory or a possible problem in the 2<sup>1</sup> bit of the memory board data transceiver or a variety of other possibilities. The best way to tell for sure is to look for a pattern in the indicated errors. Take note that once one bit error has been located at a specific memory address, the one error is printed in the form shown above and the program increments to the next address without searching for more errors in the already defective address.

If you wish to eliminate the cyclic printout of the "+" sign you can do so by changing the data in address locations A076, A077 and A078 to NOP instructions (01<sub>16</sub>) using MIKBUG). This way you only get a printout of the error locations; that is if there are any. The running time of this program is very fast. It will cycle thru 2,048 words of memory in less than one second.

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A002           LOTEMP   Starting Address MSB  
A003                           Starting Address LSB  
A004           HITEMP   Ending Address MSB  
A005                           Ending Address LSB

Start Loading Program at A014

A014    00        INXMSB  
A015    00        INXLSB  
A016    00        ACCA  
A017    2B        FLAG  
A018    FE        START    LDX LOTEMP  
A019    A0  
A01A    02  
A01B    86        LODREG   LDA A #1  
A01C    01  
A01D    A7                STA A 0,X  
A01E    00  
A01F    A1                CMP A 0,X  
A020    00  
A021    26                BNE ERRPNT  
A022    0D  
A023    48        LOOP1   ASL A  
A024    68                ASL 0,X  
A025    00  
A026    A1                CMP A 0,X  
A027    00  
A028    26                BNE ERRPNT  
A029    06  
A02A    81                CMP A #\$80  
A02B    80  
A02C    26                BNE LOOP1  
A02D    F5  
A02E    20                BRA INCR1  
A02F    3B  
A030    FF        ERRPNT   STX INXMSB  
A031    A0  
A032    14  
A033    CE                LDX #MCL  
A034    E1  
A035    9D  
A036    20                BRA SKIP1  
A037    12

Continue Loading Program at A048

A048    A0                Program Counter MSB  
A049    18                Program Counter LSB  
A04A    B7        SKIP1   STA A ACCA

A04B	A0		
A04C	16		
A04D	BD		JSR PDATA1
A04E	EO		
A04F	7E		
AD50	CE		LDX #INXMSB
A051	AO		
A052	14		
A053	BD		JSR OUT4HS
A054	EO		
A055	C8		
A056	CE		LDX #ACCA
A057	AO		
A058	16		
A059	BD		JSR OUT2HS
A05A	EO		
A05B	CA		
A05C	FE		LDX INXMSB
A05D	AO		
A05E	14		
A05F	BD		JSR OUT2HS
A060	EO		
A061	CA		
A062	CE		LDX #MCL
A063	E1		
A064	9D		
A065	BD		JSR PDATA1
A066	EO		
A067	7E		
A068	FE		LDX INXMSB
A069	AO		
A06A	14		
A06B	BC	INCR1	CPX HITEMP
A06C	AO		
A06D	04		
A06E	27		BEQ FINISH
A06F	03		
A070	08		INX
A071	20		BRA LODREG
A072	A8		
A073	B6	FINISH	LDA A FLAG
A074	AO		
A075	17		
A076	BD		JSR OUTEEE
A077	E1		
A078	D1		
A079	20		BRA START
A07A	9D		
			END