

# altair 680b

## SYSTEM MONITOR MANUAL



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a subsidiary of **Pertec Computer Corporation**

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## I ABSTRACT

This document describes the functions and operating procedures of the Altair 680b PROM Monitor, a system program which allows the user to examine and change the contents of memory locations, load formatted object tapes into memory, start program execution at a specified address, and debug user programs. A source listing of the PROM Monitor is included so that its I/O and hexadecimal conversion routines may be utilized by user programs.

II NOTES ON THE FORMAT OF THIS MANUAL

- 1) All numbers used in this document are hexadecimal (base 16) unless otherwise indicated.
- 2) In the examples provided in this document, underscoring is used to indicate user typed information.
- 3) The symbol <CR> is used to represent a carriage return.
- 4) There are two versions of the PROM Monitor, one which supports the use of the ACIA chip, and one for use with a Baudot Teletype. All information in this manual applies to both versions of the Monitor, except where otherwise noted.
- 5) Symbolic addresses which are referenced but not defined in the examples, such as OUTCH and OUT2H, are entry points in the PROM Monitor. Refer to appropriate source listing (Section IX for the ACIA version and Section X for the Baudot version) for detailed information on these routines.
- 6) Assembly code examples follow the conventions of the 680B Resident Assembler.

### III STARTING UP THE PROM MONITOR

#### A) Power up sequence

- 1) Strap the appropriate bits at location F002 to indicate the presence of a terminal, the type of terminal, and the number of stop bits to be used. (See the 680B Operator's Manual.)
- 2) Turn the Altair<sup>T.M.</sup> computer on.
- 3) Turn the terminal on.
- 4) Switch the Halt-Run switch to the Halt position.
- 5) Actuate the Reset switch.
- 6) Switch the Halt-Run switch to the Run position.
- 7) The PROM Monitor will respond by sending a carriage return and line feed to the terminal and printing a ".". The "." is the Monitor's prompt character which indicates that the Monitor is ready to accept a command.

NOTE

Use steps 4 through 7 to start the Monitor if the system is already powered up.

#### B) Entering the PROM Monitor from a User Program

There are three methods of entering the Monitor from a user program. The first method is to include the following instructions at the appropriate place in the program.

LDX \$FFFE RESTART VECTOR TO X REGISTER



JMP X            JUMP TO RESTART ADDRESS

This has the same effect as doing a Reset from the front panel. The Monitor is entered at its reset entry point, causing the stack pointer and all system parameters to be initialized.

NOTE

If the user program is outputting to the terminal just prior to the execution of these instructions, the last character sent to the terminal may be lost when the Monitor initializes the terminal control register.

The second method of entering the Monitor from a user program is to include the following instruction at the appropriate place in the program.

JMP CRLF

The symbol CRLF must be correctly defined in the user program for the version of the Monitor being used (ACIA or Baudot). The Monitor is entered, the stack pointer is loaded from SAVSTK (00F6 and 00F7), and a carriage return, line feed, and the Monitor's prompt character are sent to the terminal.

The third method of entering the Monitor from a user program is to place a SWI (software interrupt) instruction at the appropriate place in the program. This method is generally used for program debugging and therefore discussion of this feature is delayed until section V.

IV DESCRIPTION OF MONITOR COMMANDSM - Memory Examine and Deposit Command

Purpose - To examine and optionally modify the contents of a single memory byte.

Usage -

- 1) Type M in response to the Monitor's ".".
- 2) A space will be printed.
- 3) Type the four digit hexadecimal address of the byte to be examined.
- 4) The two digit hexadecimal contents of the specified byte will be printed, preceded by and followed by a space.
- 5) To change the contents of the specified byte, enter the new contents by typing two hexadecimal digits.
- 6) To leave the contents of the specified byte unaltered, type a carriage return (or any other non-hexadecimal character).

Examples -

- 1) To examine and leave unaltered the contents of 00A2, the following command is used:

.M 00A2 FF <CR>

- 2) To deposit a 09 in location 0072, the following command is used:

.M 0072 E1 09

(Note that a carriage return is not used.)

## NOTE

The contents of the specified byte are not changed until two valid hexadecimal digits are entered. Therefore, if an invalid digit is typed, the contents of the location will remain unchanged.

N - Memory Deposit and Examine Next Command

Purpose - Used after an M command to examine and optionally modify the contents of the next sequential memory byte.

Usage -

- 1) Type N in response to the Monitor's ".".
- 2) The Monitor will type the next sequential memory address, preceded by and followed by a space. The contents of the byte will be printed, followed by a space.
- 3) To change the contents of the specified byte, enter the new contents by typing two hexadecimal digits.
- 4) To leave the contents of the specified byte unaltered, type a carriage return (or any other non-hexadecimal character).

Examples -

- 1) To load a string of ASCII characters into successive memory bytes starting at location 0050, use the following commands:

.M 0050 00 4D

.N 0051 00 49

.N 0052 00 54

.N 0053 00 53

- 2) To check and correct a sequence of instructions located at 0015 through 0018, the following commands are used:

.M 0015 4C <CR>

.N 0016 5C <CR>

.N 0017 36 32

.N 0018 37 <CR>

### J - Jump to Specified Address Command

Purpose - To start program execution at a specified address.

Usage -

- 1) Type J in response to the Monitor's ".".
- 2) A space will be printed.
- 3) Type the four digit hexadecimal address at which execution is to begin.
- 4) The processor will jump to the specified location and start execution of the program stored there.

Example -

To start execution of a program which starts at 02F3, the following command is used:

.J 02F3

### L - Load Paper Tape Command

Purpose - To load formatted object tapes into memory.  
(See Section VI for paper tape format.)

Usage -

- 1) Type L in response to the Monitor's ".".
- 2) Place the paper tape in the reader and start the reader.

Loading begins with the first data record (type S1). Any information preceding the first data record, including the header record (type S0) is ignored.

Normal termination of the load occurs when an end of file record (type S9) is encountered. Control returns to the Monitor's command decoding section and any information following the S9 on the tape is interpreted as Monitor commands. Therefore, the paper tape reader should be turned off as soon as the S9 is printed on the terminal.

If a checksum error occurs while the tape is being read, control is returned to the Monitor's command decoding section and the rest of the information on the tape is interpreted as Monitor commands. If this occurs, the paper tape reader should be turned off and the paper tape should be reloaded from its beginning.

### Suppressing Teletype Echo

#### NOTE

This information applies only to the ACIA version of the PROM Monitor.

While loading a paper tape, Teletype echo can be suppressed by one of two methods. The first method is to use the Monitor's M command to store an FF into the Monitor's echo flag (location 00F3). The command

M 00F3 03 FF

turns off Teletype echoing. The L command can then be used to load the paper tape. (The L will not be echoed!) When the load is completed, the command

M 00F3 FF 00

is used to restore Teletype echoing. (Only the FF, which is printed by the Monitor, will appear on the terminal!)

#### NOTE

Only the most significant bit of the echo flag affects Teletype echoing. Therefore, any number loaded into 00F3 which has bit 7 set will suppress echoing, and any number loaded into 00F3 which has bit 7 clear will restore echoing.

The second method of suppressing Teletype echo is to have the first data block of the paper tape load an FF into location 00F3 and to have the last data block load a 00 into location 00F3. This can be accomplished by including the following mnemonics in an assembly code program.

```
NAM EXAMPL
ORG $00F3
FCB $FF          TURN OFF ECHO FOR LOAD
```

(PROGRAM STATEMENTS)

```
ORG $00F3
FCB 0           RESTORE TTY ECHO
END
```

This is the method used on all MITS supplied paper tapes. When using this method, a typical load looks like:

```
.L S00B00004D454D5445535420B5
S10400F3FF08
S9
.
```

If a checksum error occurs, Teletype echoing will remain off. The command

```
.M 00F3 FF 00
```

can be used to restore echoing. (Only the FF will appear on the terminal!)

P - Proceed From Program Breakpoint Command

Purpose - To proceed from a program breakpoint.

Usage -

- 1) Type P in response to the Monitor's ".".
- 2) Program execution will be resumed.

NOTE

A discussion of program breakpoints is included in Section V.

## V USER PROGRAM DEBUGGING WITH THE PROM MONITOR

### Setting Program Breakpoints

When a program is not performing properly, it is often helpful to stop program execution at strategic points for the purpose of displaying and/or modifying the contents of the processor registers and memory locations. This is known as setting program breakpoints.

The PROM Monitor allows a program breakpoint to be set by insertion of a SWI (software interrupt) instruction at the point in the program where the break is to occur. When the SWI instruction is executed, the status of the processor is pushed onto the stack according to the format shown in Table 5-1. The PROM Monitor gains control of the processor and may be used to examine and/or modify the contents of the registers and memory locations.

Stack Pointer	>	
SP+1	>	Condition Codes
SP+2	>	Accumulator B
SP+3	>	Accumulator A
SP+4	>	Index Reg (High Order Byte)
SP+5	>	Index Reg (Low Order Byte)
SP+6	>	Program Counter (High Order Byte)
SP+7	>	Program Counter (Low Order Byte)

TABLE 5-1

When the Monitor is entered at a program breakpoint, the stack pointer is saved in locations 00FA and 00FB. When an N command is executed, the contents of 00FA and 00FB are incremented by one and then used as the address of the next memory byte to be examined. Therefore, if an N command is issued directly after entering the Monitor at a breakpoint, the address displayed will be SP+1 (see Table 5-1) and the contents displayed will be the contents of the condition codes register. Further N commands will display the contents of the remaining processor registers in the order shown in Table 5-1.

Alternatively, the contents of the stack pointer can be determined by using the M and N commands to examine locations 00F6 and 00F7, where the Monitor stores the high and low bytes of the stack pointer, respectively. Once the contents of the stack pointer have been determined, the M and N commands can be used in conjunction with Table 5-1 to examine and/or modify the contents of the processor registers.



The P command is used to continue program execution after a breakpoint. The P command causes the stack pointer to be loaded from locations 00F6 and 00F7 and the other processor registers to be pulled from the stack. Program execution is resumed at the address of the SWI instruction that caused the break, plus one.

NOTE

The contents of the stack pointer may be changed by modifying the contents of locations 00F6 and 00F7. However, great caution should be exercised when so doing since the P command causes the processor registers to be pulled from the stack.

Any number of breakpoints may be present in a program at one time. It should be clear that insertion of a SWI instruction may make re-assembly of the program necessary. A breakpoint can be removed by replacing the SWI instruction with a NOP or by deleting the SWI instruction and re-assembling the program.

Breakpoint Routines

Whenever the PROM Monitor is entered at a program breakpoint, the flag BRKADR (location F2) is checked. If the most significant bit (bit 7) of BRKADR is clear (=0) then the Monitor assumes processor control. (This is the normal course of events since the Monitor initializes BRKADR to 03 whenever the Reset function is performed.) However, if the most significant bit of BRKADR is set (=1), which can be accomplished by using the command

M 00F2 03 FF

or including the instruction

COM     \$F2     SET BRKADR FLAG

in a program, then control is transferred to location 0000 when a program breakpoint occurs. This feature can be used to perform special functions when program breakpoints occur. Two examples of the use of this feature are given below.

- 1) This example illustrates the use of a breakpoint routine to print the contents of the processor's registers and continue program execution each time a program breakpoint occurs.

```

                ORG      0          BREAKPOINT ROUTINE ADDRESS
                LDA B    #@15      SEND CR AND LF
                JSR      OUTCH     TO TERMINAL
                LDA B    #@12
                JSR      OUTCH
                TSX
                LDA B    #7        X POINTS TO PROCESSOR STATUS
                LDA A    X         INITIALIZE COUNTER
LOOP           LDA A    X         BYTE OF STATUS TO A REG
                PSH B
                JSR      OUT2H     PRINT OUT BYTE OF STATUS
                JSR      OUTS      SPACE OVER
                PUL B
                INX
                DEC B
                BNE     LOOP      IF NOT DONE, KEEP PRINTING
                RTI              CONTINUE PROGRAM EXECUTION

```

- 2) This example illustrates the use of a breakpoint routine to examine the contents of the A register and transfer control to the Monitor if A is clear (contains all zeroes). If A is not clear, program execution continues. This type of routine is used to implement "conditional breakpoints".

```

                ORG      0
                JMP      $0300     THIS BREAKPOINT ROUTINE
                ORG      $0300     STARTS AT 0300
                TST A
                BNE     CONTIN     A ALL ZEROES?
                JMP      CRLF      YES, JUMP TO MONITOR
CONTIN        RTI              NO, CONTINUE PROG EXEC

```

VI PAPER TAPE FORMAT

The PROM Monitor supports the paper tape format established by Motorola.

The first character of a record is an S. The digit following the S defines the type of record.

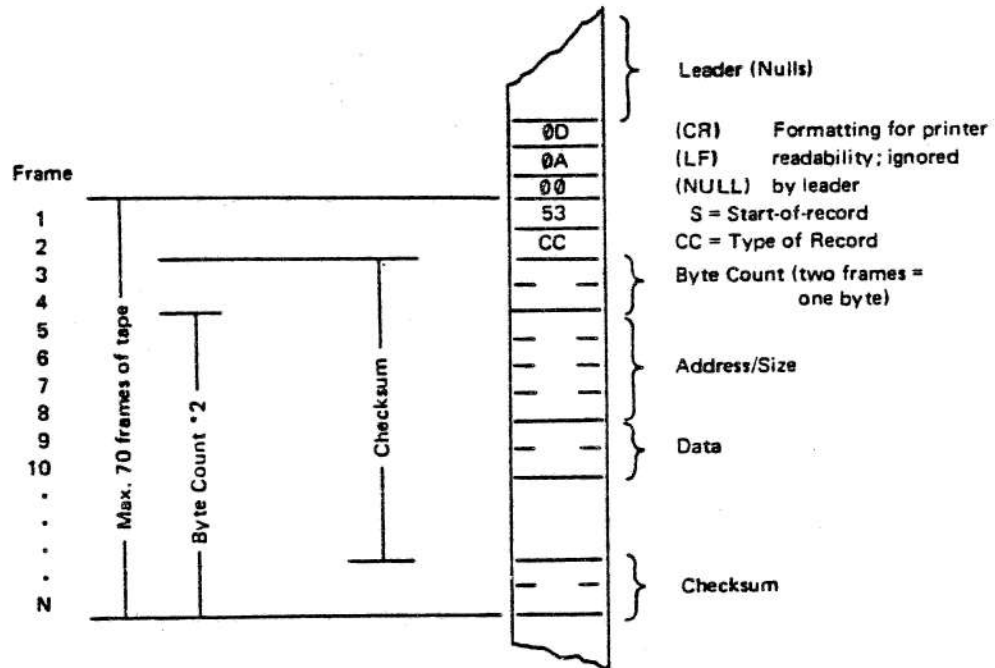
S0 = Header Record  
S1 = Data Record  
S9 = End of File Record

Header records (type S0) contain the program name, and are ignored by the PROM Monitor. The end of file record (type S9) causes the Monitor to terminate the loading process. Data records (type S1) contain the actual data to be loaded and are of the form:

S1NNAAAADDDDDDDDDDD.....DDCC

where S1 specifies that the record is a data record, NN is a two digit hexadecimal byte count specifying the number of remaining bytes in the record (1 byte = 2 frames of tape), AAAA is the 4 digit hexadecimal starting address of the data block, each DD pair consists of two hexadecimal digits which are combined to form a byte, and CC is the checksum of all preceding frames (excluding the S and 1). The checksum is the one's complement of the binary sum of the byte count, the address, and the data bytes.

Further information concerning the paper tape format is given in Figure 6-1.



Frames 3 through N are hexadecimal digits (in 7-bit ASCII) which are converted to BCD. Two BCD digits are combined to make one 8-bit byte.

The checksum is the one's complement of the summation of 8-bit bytes.

Frame	CC = 30 Header Record	CC = 31 Data Record	CC = 39 End-of-File Record
1. Start-of-Record	53 S	53 S	53 S
2. Type of Record	30 0	31 1	39 9
3. Byte Count	31 12	31 16	30 03
4. _____	32 _____	36 _____	33 _____
5. _____	30 _____	31 _____	30 _____
6. Address/Size	30 0000	31 1100	30 0000
7. _____	30 _____	30 _____	30 _____
8. _____	30 _____	30 _____	30 _____
9. Data	34 48-11	39 98	46 FC
10. _____	38 44-D	38 32	43 (Checksum)
. _____	34 52-R	30 _____	
. _____	35 _____	32 _____	
. _____	32 _____	41 A8 (Checksum)	
. _____	39 _____	48 _____	
N. Checksum	45 9E		

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FIGURE 6-1. Paper Tape Format

VII PROM MONITOR MEMORY USE INFORMATIONMonitor Memory Location

The ACIA version of the PROM Monitor is 256 bytes long and resides in locations FF00 through FFFF. The Baudot version of the Monitor is 512 bytes long and resides in locations FE00 through FFFF.

Monitor Stack

The stack pointer is initialized to 00F1 whenever the Monitor is entered at its reset entry point. The stack pointer can be changed by using the Monitor's M and N commands to alter the contents of SAVSTK (see Monitor flags below)

## NOTE

The contents of SAVSTK should generally not be changed when the Monitor is entered at a program breakpoint as this will cause the P command to operate improperly.

Monitor Flags

Locations 00F2 through 00FF are reserved for use by the Monitor. These locations are assigned as described below. With the exceptions of BRKADR, ECHO, and SAVSTK, these locations should generally not be tampered with.

## BRKADR (00F2) - BREAKPOINT ADDRESS FLAG

If bit 7 of BRKADR is clear (=0) the Monitor gains processor control when a program breakpoint occurs. If bit 7 is set, control is transferred to location 0000 when a breakpoint occurs. See Section V for further information.

ECHO (00F3) - TELETYPE ECHO FLAG

(Applies to ACIA version only)

If bit 7 of ECHO is clear, Teletype input is echoed. If bit 7 is set, Teletype echo is suppressed. See Page 9 for further information.

EXTFLG (00F4) - EXTENDED CHARACTER FLAG

(Applies to Baudot version only)

EXTFLG is set when the Baudot character input routine receives the extend character and cleared after the extended character is received. See Section VIII for information on the Baudot version of the Monitor.

BUFULL (00F5) - BUFFER FULL FLAG

(Applies to Baudot version only)

If BUFULL is clear then the contents of the character buffer are not current. If BUFULL is set (any bits high) then the contents of the character buffer are current.

SAVSTK (00F6-00F7)

SAVSTK is used to save and restore the contents of the stack pointer.

TEMP (00F8)

TEMP is used for temporary storage during computation of paper tape checksums.

BYTECT (00F9) - BYTE COUNT

BYTECT contains the byte count during paper tape loading.

XHI (00FA)

XHI stores the high order byte of the index register.

XLO (00FB)

XLO stores the low order byte of the index register.

NOTE

XHI and XLO are also used to store the stack pointer when the Monitor is entered at a program breakpoint. This allows the N command to be used to examine the processor status. (See Section V for further information.)

SHIFT (00FC)

(Applies to Baudot version only)

SHIFT is set whenever the Baudot Teletype is in the upper case mode. SHIFT is clear whenever the Baudot Teletype is in the lower case mode.

SAVEX (00FD-00FE)

(Applies to Baudot version only)

SAVEX is used by the Baudot output character routine to save and restore the contents of the index register.

BUFFER (00FF)

(Applies to Baudot version only)

BUFFER is the character buffer used by the Baudot input character routine.

Interrupt Vectors

The non-maskable interrupt vector points to location 0104.

The maskable interrupt vector points to location 0100 in the ACIA version of the Monitor. See Section VIII for information concerning the maskable interrupt vector in the Baudot version.)



VII BAUDOT TELETYPE OPTION INFORMATION

The Baudot version of the PROM Monitor is a 512 byte, 2 PROM chip version of the Monitor, which contains the necessary software to support a Baudot Teletype (using bit banger I/O) and convert between Baudot (5 level code) and 7 bit ASCII.

NOTE

The Monitor supports Baudot Teletypes wired for half duplex only.

Baudot Input

Input from the Baudot Teletype is handled by using the maskable interrupt feature of the 6800 MPU. Therefore, the interrupt mask (bit 4 in the processor condition codes register) must be clear (=0) to enable input from the Baudot Teletype.

The maskable interrupt vector points to location FE00. When a maskable interrupt request is acknowledged, the Monitor checks to see if the the interrupt request was originated by the Baudot Teletype. If so, the character code is clocked in. If the request was originated by a device other than the Baudot Teletype, control is transferred to location 0104.

The Baudot input routine converts from Baudot to ASCII and then stores the ASCII character into a 1 byte buffer. Therefore, one character type ahead is possible.

NOTE

The Baudot output character routine masks out interrupts and therefore a character typed while output is occurring is likely to be either misread or lost entirely.

Baudot < > ASCII Conversion

Figure 8-1 shows the Baudot keyboard which the Monitor's Baudot < > ASCII conversion is based on. The Baudot character set contains 55 (decimal) useable codes. For most computer applications this is an insufficient number of character codes, and therefore the PROM Monitor supports an extended Baudot character set. Table 8-2 shows the characters supported by the Baudot version of the Monitor.

The following is a list of conventions used for Baudot < > ASCII conversion.

- 1) Extended characters are formed by combining an & (the extend character) with another upper case character. For example, an "=" sign is represented by "&;" .
- 2) On output, if an ASCII code cannot be matched with a Baudot code, the extend character is printed, followed by a blank.
- 3) On input, control characters are formed by combining an & (the extend character) with the appropriate lower case character. For example, to send a control-A, the extend character must be typed, followed by a letters shift, followed by an A.
- 4) On input, any upper case extended character which is not explicitly defined in Table 8-2 is matched to the ASCII control character of its associated lower case. For example, an extended ":" (&:) is matched to a control-C.
- 5) On input, the codes for null, line feed, and carriage return are unaffected by case. For example, a lower case line feed, an upper case line feed, and an extended line feed are all matched to an ASCII 12 (octal).
- 6) The letters and figures shift codes are not matched to ASCII codes. They serve only to change the character case.

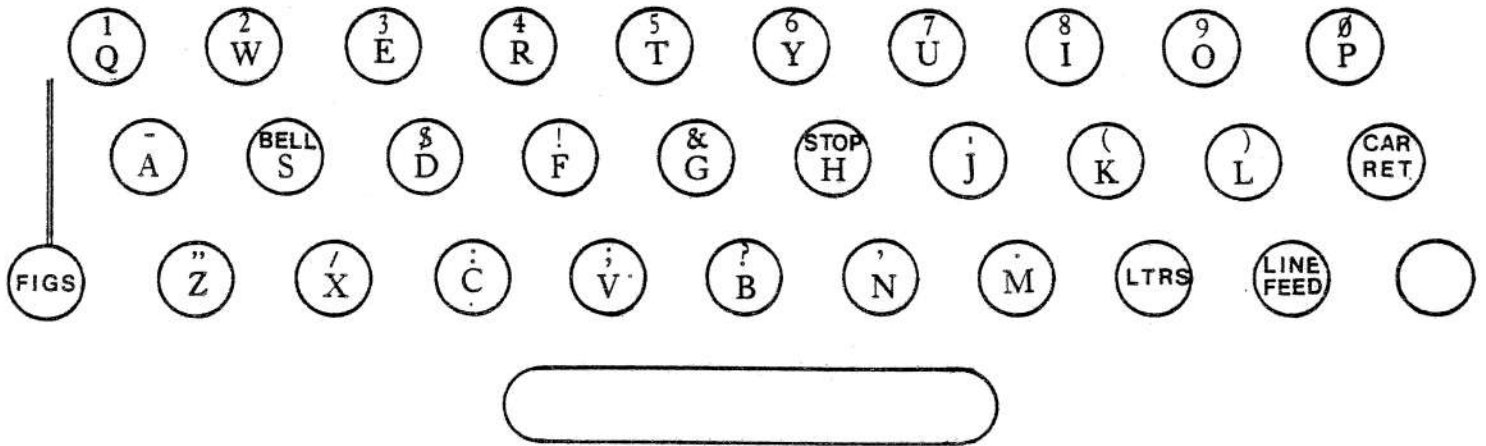


Figure 8-1. Baudot Keyboard

BAUDOT (OCTAL)	LOWER CASE	UPPER CASE	EXTENDED CASE
0	NULL	NULL	SEE *2 BELOW
1	E	3	
2	LINE FEED	LINE FEED	
3	A	-	
4	BLANK	BLANK	
5	S	CONTROL-G	
6	I	8	
7	U	7	
10	CAR RETURN	CAR RETURN	
11	D	\$	
12	R	4	
13	J	'	
14	N	,	@
15	F	!	~
16	C	:	
17	K	(	<
20	T	5	
21	Z	"	#
22	L	)	>
23	W	2	
24	H	SEE *1 BELOW	
25	Y	6	
26	P	0	
27	Q	1	
30	O	9	
31	B	?	%
32	G	& (EXT CHAR)	+
33	FIG SHIFT	FIG SHIFT	
34	M	.	*
35	X	/	
36	V	;	=
37	LTR SHIFT	LTR SHIFT	

\*1 ON INPUT A STOP IS MATCHED TO A NULL. THERE IS NO ASCII CODE WHICH WILL OUTPUT A STOP.

\*2 THIS CHARACTER IS PRINTED AS A BACK ARROW ON TELETYPE MODEL 33.

TABLE 8-2 Baudot <>ASCII Conversion

PAGE 001 PROM MON IX PROM MONITOR SOURCE LISTING (ACIA VERSION)

```

00001          NAM          PROM    MONITOR
00002          **
00003          ** ALTAIR 680B PROM MONITOR
00004          ** ACIA VERSION 1.0
00005          **
00006          OPT          S          PRINT SYMBOL TABLE
00007          OPT          PAGE       PAGINATED LISTING
00008          0100        MIVEC EQU    $100
00009          0104        NMIVEC EQU   $104
00010          F002        STRAPS EQU   $F002
00011          0000        NOTERM EQU   0
00012          F000        ACIACS EQU   $F000
00013          F001        ACIADA EQU   $F001
00014          **
00015          * MONITOR STACK AND FLAGS
00016          **
00017          00F1        0001        ORG          $F1
00018          00F1 0001        STACK RMB        1          BOTTOM OF MONITOR'S STACK
00019          00F2 0001        BRKADR RMB        1          BREAKPOINT ADDRESS FLAG
00020          00F3 0001        ECHO RMB          1          TTY ECHO FLAG
00021          00F4 0001        EXTFLG RMB        1          EXTENDED CHARACTER FLAG
00022          00F5 0001        BUFULL RMB        1          BUFFER FULL FLAG
00023          00F6 0002        SAVSTK RMB        2          TEMP FOR STACK POINTER
00024          00F8 0001        TEMP RMB          1          TEMPORARY STORAGE
00025          00F9 0001        BYTECT RMB        1          BYTE CGUNT
00026          00FA 0001        XHI RMB          1          XREG HIGH
00027          00FB 0001        XLOW RMB         1          XREG LOW
00028          00FC 0001        SHIFT RMB        1          BAUDOT SHIFT FLAG
00029          00FD 0002        SAVEX RMB        2          TEMP FOR INDEX RG
00030          00FF 0001        BUFFER RMB        1          BAUDOT CHARACTER BUFFER
00031          **
00032          * START OF PROM
00033          *
00034          FF00        0001        ORG          $FF00
00035          **
00036          * INPUT ONE CHAR INTO A-REGISTER
00037          * ECHO CHAR IF BIT 7 OF ECHO FLAG IS CLEAR
00038          **
00040          FF00 8D 22        INCH BSR          POLCAT        ACIA STATUS TO A REG
00041          FF02 24 FC        INCH BCC          INCH          RECEIVE NOT READY
00042          FF04 C6 7F        LDA B            #S7F        MASK FOR PARITY REMOVAL
00043          FF06 D1 F3        CMP B            ECHO          CHECK ECHO FLAG
00044          FF08 F4 F001      AND B            ACIADA        GET CHARACTER
00045          FF0B 24 74        BCC             OUTCH          ECHO
00046          FF0D 39          RTS             NO ECHO
00048          **
00049          * THE FOLLOWING NOP LINES UP THE ENTRY
00050          * POINTS TO POLCAT IN THE TWO VERSIONS
00051          * OF THE MONITOR
00052          **
00054          FF0E 01          NOP

```

PAGE 002 PROM MON

```

00059
00060
00061
00062
00063
00064
00065 FF0F 8D EF
00066 FF11 C0 30
00067 FF13 2B 3C
00068 FF15 C1 09
00069 FF17 2F 0A
00070 FF19 C1 11
00071 FF1B 2B 34
00072 FF1D C1 16
00073 FF1F 2E 30
00074 FF21 C0 07
00075 FF23 39
00077
00078
00079
00080
00081
00082 FF24 F6 F000
00083 FF27 57
00084 FF28 39
00088
00089
00090
00091
00092
00093 FF29 8D D5
00094 FF2B C0 53
00095 FF2D 26 FA
00096 FF2F 8D CF
00097 FF31 C1 39
00098 FF33 27 1C
00099 FF35 C1 31
00100 FF37 26 F0
00101 FF39 4F
00102 FF3A 8D 17
00103 FF3C C0 02
00104 FF3E D7 F9
00105 FF40 8D 20
00106 FF42 8D 0F
00107 FF44 7A 00F9
00108 FF47 27 05
00109 FF49 E7 00
00110 FF4B 08
00111 FF4C 20 F4
00112 FF4E 4C
00113 FF4F 27 D8
00114 FF51 20 58

**
* INPUT ONE HEX DIGIT INTO B REG
* RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM IF
* CHARACTER RECEIVED IS A HEX
* DIGIT. IF NOT HEX, GO TO CRLF
**
INHEX BSR INCH GET A CHARACTER
SUB B #'0
BMI C1 NOT HEX
CMP B #$9
BLE IN1HG NOT HEX
CMP B #$11
BMI C1 NOT HEX
CMP B #$16
BGT C1 NOT HEX
SUB B #7 IT'S A LETTER-GET BCD
IN1HG RTS RETURN
**
* POLE FOR CHARACTER
* SETS CARRY IF CHARACTER IS IN BUFFER
* CLOBBERS B REG
**
POLCAT LDA B ACIACS ACIA STATUS TO B
ASR B ROTATE RDRF BIT INTO CARRY
RTS RETURN
**
* LOAD PAPER TAPE
* LOAD ONLY S1 TYPE RECORDS
* TERMINATE ON S9 OR CHECKSUM ERROR
**
LOAD BSR INCH READ FRAME
SUB B #'S
BNE LOAD FIRST CHAR NOT (S)
BSR INCH READ FRAME
CMP B #'9
BEQ C1 S9 END OF FILE
CMP B #'1
BNE LOAD SECOND CHAR NOT (1)
CLR A ZERO THE CHECKSUM
BSR BYTE READ BYTE
SUB B #2
STA B BYTE COUNT
BSR BADDR GET ADDRESS OF BLOCK
BSR BYTE GET DATA BYTE
DEC BYTECT DECREMENT BYTE COUNT
BEQ LOAD15 DONE WITH THIS BLOCK
STA B X STORE DATA
INX BUMP POINTER
BRA LOAD11 GO BACK FOR MORE
LOAD15 INC A INCREMENT CHECKSUM
LLOAD BEQ ALL OK - IT'S ZERO
C1 BRA CRLF CHECKSUM ERROR - QUIT

```

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```

00117
00118
00119
00120
00121
00122 FF53 8D BA
00123 FF55 58
00124 FF56 58
00125 FF57 58
00126 FF58 58
00127 FF59 1B
00128 FF5A D7 F8
00129 FF5C 8D B1
00130 FF5E 1B
00131 FF5F DB F8
00132 FF61 39
00133
00134
00135
00136
00137
00138 FF62 8D EF
00139 FF64 D7 FA
00140 FF66 8D EB
00141 FF68 D7 FB
00142 FF6A DE FA
00143 FF6C 39
00147
00148
00149
00150
00151 FF6D 16
00152 FF6E 54
00153 FF6F 54
00154 FF70 54
00155 FF71 54
00156 FF72 8D 01
00157 FF74 16
00160 FF75 C4 0F
00161 FF77 CB 30
00162 FF79 C1 39
00163 FF7B 23 04
00164 FF7D CB 07
00165 FF7F 01
00166 FF80 01

**
* READ BYTE (2 HEX DIGITS)
* INTO B REG
* A IS USED FOR PAPER TAPE CHECKSUM
**
BYTE BSR INHEX GET FIRST HEX DIG
ASL B SHIFT TO HIGH ORDER 4 BITS
ASL B
ASL B
ASL B
ABA ADD TO CHEKSUM
STA B TEMP STORE DIGIT
BSR INHEX GET 2ND HEX DIG
ABA ADD TO CHECKSUM
ADD B TEMP COMBINE DIGITS TO GET BYTE
RTS RETURN

**
* READ 16 BIT ADDRESS INTO X
* STORE SAME ADDRESS IN XHI & XLO
* CLOBBERS B REG
**
BADDR BSR BYTE GET HIGH ORDER ADDRESS
STA B XHI STORE IT
BSR BYTE GET LOW ORDER ADDRESS
STA B XLOW STORE IT
LDX XHI LOAD X WITH ADDRESS BUILT
RTS RETURN

**
* PRINT BYTE IN A REG
* CLOBBERS B REG
**
OUT2H TAB COPY BYTE TO B
LSR B SHIFT TO RIGHT
LSR B
LSR B
LSR B
BSR OUTHR OUTPUT FIRST DIGIT
TAB BYTE INTO B AGAIN
OUTHR AND B #$F GET RID OF LEFT DIG
ADD B #$30 GET ASCII
CMP B #$39
BLS OUTCH
ADD B #7 IF IT'S A LETTER ADD 7
NOP LINE UP OUTCH ENTRY POINTS
NOP

```

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00167 FF81 8C      OUTCH  FCB      $8C      USE CPX SKIP TRICK
00168 FF82 C6 20   OUTS   LDA B    #$20     OUTS PRINTS A SPACE
00171
00172           **
00173           * OUTCH OUTPUTS CHARACTER IN B
00174           **
00174 FF84 37      PSH B          SAVE CHAR
00175 FF85 8D 9D   OUTC1  BSR      POLCAT  ACIA STATUS TO B REG
00176 FF87 57      ASR B
00177 FF88 24 FB   BCC          OUTC1   XMIT NOT READY
00178 FF8A 33      PUL B          CHAR BACK TO B REG
00179 FF8B F7 F001 STA B      ACIADA   OUTPUT CHARACTER
00180 FF8E 39      RTS
00183           **
00184           * EXAMINE AND DEPOSIT NEXT
00185           * USES CONTENTS OF XHI & XLO AS POINTER
00186           **
00187 FF8F DE FA   NCHANG LDX      XHI      INCREMENT POINTER
00188 FF91 08      INX
00189 FF92 DF FA   STX      XHI
00190 FF94 96 FA   LDA A      XHI
00191 FF96 8D D5   BSR      OUT2H   PRINT OUT ADDRESS
00192 FF98 96 FB   LDA A      XLOW
00193 FF9A 8D D1   BSR      OUT2H
00194 FF9C 8C      FCB      $8C      USE CPX SKIP TRICK
00195
00196           **
00197           * EXAMINE & DEPOSIT
00198           **
00198 FF9D 8D C3   CHANGE BSR      BADDR   BUILD ADDRESS
00199 FF9F 8D E1   BSR      OUTS     PRINT SPACE
00200 FFA1 A6 00   LDA A      X        BYTE INTO A
00201 FFA3 8D C8   BSR      OUT2H   PRINT BYTE
00202 FFA5 8D DB   BSR      OUTS     PRINT SPACE
00203 FFA7 8D AA   BSR      BYTE    GET NEW BYTE
00204 FFA9 E7 00   STA B      X        STORE NEW BYTE
00206
00207           **
00208           * COMMAND DECODING SECTION
00209           **
00209 FFAB 9E F6   CRLF    LDS      SAVSTK
00210 FFAD C6 0D   LDA B    #$D      CARRIAGE RETURN
00211 FFAF 8D D0   BSR     OUTCH
00212 FFB1 C6 0A   LDA B    #$A      LINE FEED
00213 FFB3 8D CC   BSR     OUTCH
00214 FFB5 C6 2E   LDA B    #'      PROMPT CHARACTER
00215 FFB7 8D C8   BSR     OUTCH
00216 FFB9 BD FF00 JSR     INCH      READ CHARACTER
00217 FFBC 17      TBA      MAKE A COPY
00218 FFBF 8D C3   BSR     OUTS     PRINT SPACE
00219 FFBF 81 4C   CMP A    #'L
00220 FFC1 27 8C   BEQ     LLOAD    LOAD PAPER TAPE

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```

00221 FFC3 81 4A      CMP A      #'J
00222 FFC5 26 04      BNE       NOTJ
00223 FFC7 8D 99      BSR       BADDR      GET ADDRESS TO JUMP TO
00224 FFC9 6E 00      JMP       X           JUMP TO IT
00225 FFCB 81 4D      NOTJ     CMP A      #'M
00226 FFCD 27 CE      BEQ       CHANGE     EXAMINE & DEPOSIT
00227 FFCE 81 4E      CMP A      #'N
00228 FFD1 27 BC      BEQ       NCHANG     E & D NEXT
00229 FFD3 81 50      CMP A      #'P
00230 FFD5 26 D4      BNE       CRLF
00231 FFD7 3B      RTI           PROCEDE FROM BREAKPOINT
00233      **
00234      * RESET ENTRY POINT
00235      **
00236 FFD8 8E 00F3 RESET LDS      #ECHO     INITIALIZE STACK POINTER
00237 FFDB C6 03      LDA B      #3         INIT ECHO AND BRKADR FLAGS
00238 FFDD 37      PSH B
00239 FFDE 37      PSH B
00240 FFDF F7 F000     STA B      ACIACS     MASTER RESET ACIA
00241 FFE2 F6 F002     LDA B      STRAPS     LOOK AT STRAPS
00242 FFE5 2B 19      BMI       NOTERM     NO TERM - JUMP TO 0
00243 FFE7 C4 04      AND B      #4         GET # OF STOP BITS
00244 FFE9 CA D1      ORA B      #SD1
00245 FFEB F7 F000     STA B      ACIACS     INIT ACIA PORT
00246      **
00247      * SOFTWARE INTERRUPT ENTRY POINT
00248      **
00249 FFEE 9F F6      INTRPT STS      SAVSTK     SAVE STACK POINTER
00250 FFF0 9F FA      STS       XHI       SAVE SP FOR N COMMAND
00251 FFF2 D6 F2      LDA B      BRKADR     IF BIT 7 OF BRKADR IS SET
00252 FFF4 2B 0A      BMI       NOTERM     JUMP TO 0
00253 FFF6 20 B3      BRA       CRLF      GOTO COMMAND DECODER
00256      **
00257      * NOW COME THE INTERRUPT VECTORS
00258      **
00260 FFF8      ORG       $FFF8
00263 FFF8 0100     FDB       MIVEC     MI VECTOR
00264 FFFA FFEE     FDB       INTRPT    SWI VECTOR
00265 FFFC 0104     FDB       NMIVEC    NMI VECTOR
00266 FFFE FFD8     FDB       RESET     RESET VECTOR
00268      END

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MIVEC 0100  
NMIVEC 0104  
STRAPS F002  
NOTERM 0000  
ACIACS F000  
ACIADA F001  
STACK 00F1  
BRKADR 00F2  
ECHO 00F3  
EXTFLG 00F4  
BUFULL 00F5  
SAVSTK 00F6  
TEMP 00F8  
BYTECT 00F9  
XHI 00FA  
XLOW 00FB  
SHIFT 00FC  
SAVEX 00FD  
BUFFER 00FF  
INCH FF00  
INHEX FF0F  
INIHG FF23  
POLCAT FF24  
LOAD FF29  
LOAD11 FF42  
LOAD15 FF4E  
LLOAD FF4F  
C1 FF51  
BYTE FF53  
BADDR FF62  
OUT2H FF6D  
OUTHR FF75  
OUTCH FF81  
OUTS FF82  
OUTC1 FF85  
NCHANG FF8F  
CHANGE FF9D  
CRLF FFAB  
NORJ FFCB  
RESET FED8  
INTRPT FFE0

TOTAL ERRORS 00000

PAGE 001 PROM MON X PROM MONITOR SOURCE LISTING (BAUDOT VERSION)

```

00001          NAM          PROM    MONITOR
00002          **
00003          ** ALTAIR 680B PROM MONITOR
00004          ** BAUDOT VERSION 1.0
00005          **
00006          OPT          S          PRINT SYMBOL TABLE
00007          OPT          PAGE       PAGINATED LISTING
00008          FE00        MIVEC EQU    $FE00
00009          0104        NMIVEC EQU   $104
00010          0100        CRAZY EQU    $100
00011          F002        STRAPS EQU   $F002
00012          0000        NOTERM EQU   0
00013          F000        ACIACS EQU   $F000
00014          F001        ACIADA EQU   $F001
00015          00F1        ORG          $F1
00016          00F1 0001    STACK RMB    1          BOTTOM OF MONITOR'S STACK
00017          00F2 0001    BRKADR RMB    1          BREAKPOINT ADDRESS FLAG
00018          00F3 0001    ECHO RMB     1          TTY ECHO FLAG
00019          00F4 0001    EXTFLG RMB    1          EXTENDED CHARACTER FLAG
00020          00F5 0001    BUFULL RMB    1          BUFFER FULL FLAG
00021          00F6 0002    SAVSTK RMB    2          TEMP FOR STACK POINTER
00022          00F8 0001    TEMP RMB     1          TEMPORARY STORAGE
00023          00F9 0001    BYTECT RMB    1          BYTE COUNT
00024          00FA 0001    XHI RMB     1          XREG HIGH
00025          00FB 0001    XLOW RMB    1          XREG LOW
00026          00FC 0001    SHIFT RMB    1          BAUDOT SHIFT FLAG
00027          00FD 0002    SAVEX RMB    2          TEMP FOR INDEX REG
00028          00FF 0001    BUFFER RMB    1          BAUDOT CHARACTER BUFFER
00029          **
00030          * START OF PROM
00031          **
00032          FE00        ORG          $FE00
00033          **
00034          * MASKABLE INTERRUPT VECTOR POINTS TO GET
00035          **
00036          FE00 86 40    GET LDA A    #$40    THIS BIT ROTATES INTO CARRY
00037          *          *          *          TO SIGNAL STOP BIT ARRIVAL
00038          FE02 F6 F002    LDA B    STRAPS    IF BIT 0 OF F002 IS LOW
00039          FE05 56          ROR B          THEN INTERRUPT CAME FROM BAUDOT
00040          FE06 24 21    BCC          GETBIT    SO CLOCK IN CHAR CODE
00041          FE08 7E          FCB          $7E          IF BIT 0 IS HIGH
00042          FE09 01          FCB          001    JUMP TO 0100 (HEX)
00043          **
00044          * THIS IS THE UPPPER CASE CONVERSION TABLE
00045          **
00046          FE0A 00        UPCAS FCB     0          NULL
00047          FE0B 33        FCC          /3/
00048          FE0C 0A        FCB          $A          LINE FEED
00049          FE0D 2D        FCC          /-/
00050          FE0E 20        FCB          $20    BLANK
00051          FE0F 07        FCB          7          CONTROL G (BELL)
00052          FE10 38        FCC          /87/
00053          FE11 37
00053          FE12 0D        FCB          $D          CARRIAGE RETURN

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00054 FE13 24          FCC      /$4'/
      FE14 34
      FE15 27
00055 FE16 2C          FCC      /!'/
00056 FE17 21          FCC      /!:(5/
      FE18 3A
      FE19 28
      FE1A 35
00057 FE1B 22          FCC      /"/
00058 FE1C 29          FCC      /)/
00059 FE1D 32          FCC      /2/
00060 FE1E 00          FCB      0      SLOT FOR STOP
00061 FE1F 36          FCC      /6019?/
      FE20 30
      FE21 31
      FE22 39
      FE23 3F
00062 FE24 00          FCB      0      SLOT FOR &
00063 FE25 00          FCB      0      SLOT FOR FIGURES SHIFT
00064 FE26 2E          FCC      /./
00065 FE27 2F          FCC      /!'/
00066 FE28 3B          FCC      /;/
00067
00068 **
00069 * END OF UPPER CASE TABLE
00070
00071 FE29 8D 3D      GETBIT BSR      WAIT11  WAIT HALF A BIT TIME
      FE2B F6 F002    LDA B      STRAPS
00072 FE2E 56          ROR B      PUT DATA BIT INTO CARRY
00073 FE2F 8D 37      BSR      WAIT11  FINISH UP BIT TIME
00074 FE31 46          ROR A      COLLECT CODE IN A
00075 FE32 24 F5      BCC      GETBIT  IF MORE TO COME GO GET EM
00076 FE34 48          ASL A      GET RID OF STOP BIT
00077 FE35 44          LSR A      RIGHT JUSTIFY CODE
00078 FE36 44          LSR A
00079 FE37 44          LSR A
00080
00081 **
00082 * WE HAVE THE CODE IN A NOW
00083
00083 FE38 81 1B          CMP A      #$1B   IF IT'S AN UPSHIFT
00084 FE3A 26 03          BNE      NTUP   SET THE SHIFT FLAG
00085 FE3C D7 FC          CLRSF     STA B      SHIFT   AND RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
00086 FE3E 3B          RTI
00088 FE3F 5F          NTUP     CLR B
00089 FE40 81 1F          CMP A      #$1F   IF IT'S A DOWNSHIFT
00090 FE42 27 F8          BEQ      CLRSF  CLEAR THE SHIFT FLAG
00092 FE44 D1 F4          CMP B      EXTFLG  IF EXTENDED CHARACTER
00093 FE46 2B 31          BMI      EXTCAR IS SET GO TO EXT
00094
00095 FE48 CE FEE2          LDX      #LOWCAS-2 CHARACTER SEARCH
00096
00097 FE4B D1 FC          * SET POINTER TO LOWER CASE
00098 FE4D 2B 20          CMP B      SHIFT   IF SHIFT FLAG IS SET
      BMI      UPCAR THEN INDEX INTO UPPER CASE TABLE

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00099 FE4F 08      ADDAX  INX          ADD A REG TO X REG
00100 FE50 4A      DEC    A
00101 FE51 2A FC   BPL          ADDAX
00102 FE53 53      DONE   COM    B   FORM MASK
00103 FE54 D7 F5   STA    B   SET BUFFER FULL FLAG
00104 FE56 E4 01   AND    B   MASK OFF LOW 6 OR ALL 8
00105 FE58 D7 FF   STA    B   BUFFER
00106 FE5A 3B      RTI          STORE CHAR INTO BUFFER
00107              **          RETURN FROM THE INTERRUPT
00108              * PUT CLOCKS OUT THE CHARACTER CODE
00109              **
00110 FE5B 48      PUT    ASL    A   ROTATE IN START BIT
00111 FE5C 8A 40   ORA    A   #S40 OR IN STOP BIT
00112 FE5E B7 F002 NXTBIT STA    A   SF002 SEND A BIT
00113 FE61 8D 05   BSR          WAIT11
00114 FE63 8D 03   BSR          WAIT11 WAIT AROUND FOR 22 MIL SECS
00115 FE65 44      LSR    A   SHIFT TO NEXT BIT
00116 FE66 26 F6   BNE          NXTBIT IF MORE TO SEND THEN DO SO
00118 FE68 CE 02AF WAIT11 LDX          #687 11 MIL SEC DELAY
00119 FE6B 09      WAIT   DEX
00120 FE6C 26 FD   BNE          WAIT
00121 FE6E 39      RTS
00123 FE6F CE FE08 UPCAR  LDX          #UPCAS-2 POINT TO UPPER CASE TABLE
00124 FE72 81 1A   CMP    A   #S1A IF IT'S THE EXTEND CHAR THEN
00125 FE74 26 D9   BNE          ADDAX SET THE EXTENDED CHAR FLAG
00126 FE76 97 F4   STA    A   EXTFLG AND RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
00127 FE78 3B      RTI
00129 FE79 CE FFE0 EXTCAR LDX          #EXTEND-2 POINT TO EXTENDED CHAR TABLE
00130 FE7C D7 F4   STA    B   EXTFLG CLEAR THE EXTEND FLAG
00131 FE7E 08      CHKNXT INX
00132 FE7F 08      INX
00133 FE80 A1 00   CMP    A   X SEARCH THE EXTENDED CHAR TABLE
00134 FE82 27 CF   BEQ          DONE IF MATCH FOUND THEN WE ARE DONE
00135 FE84 6D 00   TST          X IF MINUS ENCOUNTERED THEN CODE NOT
00136 FE86 2A F6   BPL    CHKNXT IN TABLE SO MAKE INTO CONTROL CHAR
00137 FE88 CE FEE2 LDX          #LOWCAS-2 BY TAKING LOWER CASE ASCII AND
00138 FE8B C6 C0   LDA    B   #SC0 SETTING MASK TO GET RIG OF HI
00139 FE8D 20 C0   BRA          ADDAX ORDER 2 BITS
00140 FE8F 96 FC   LDA    A   SHIFT BEFORE CHECKING UPPPER CASE TABLE
00141 FE91 26 06   BNE    OKUP  CHECK THE SHIFT FLAG
00142 FE93 86 1B   LDA    A   #S1B SEND OUT FIGURES SHIFT AND SET
00143 FE95 97 FC   STA    A   SHIFT SHIFT FLAG AS NECESSARY
00144 FE97 8D C2   BSR          PUT
00145 FE99 CE FE0A OKUP  LDX          #UPCAS SET POINTER TO UPPER CASE TABLE
00146 FE9C 8D 39   BSR          SEARCH CALL SEARCH ROUTINE
00147 FE9E 2A 2F   BPL    RESTR IF POSITIVE, SEARCH WAS SUCCESSFUL
00148 FEA0 86 1A   LDA    A   #S1A SEARCH FAILED SO OUTPUT EXTEND
00149 FEA2 8D B7   BSR          PUT CHARACTER
00150 FEA4 CE FFE0 LDX          #EXTEND-2
00151 FEA7 E1 01   NEXT  CMP    B   1,X SEARCH THROUGH EXTENDED CHAR
00152 FEA9 27 24   BEQ          RESTR TABLE

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00153 FEAB 08          INX
00154 FEAC 08          INX
00155 FEAD A6 00      LDA A      X      BUMP POINTER TWICE
00156 FEAF 2A F6      BPL      X      LOAD THE BAUDOT CODE INTO B
00157 FEB1 C6 20      LDA B      NXT     IF MINUS - END OF TABLE
00158 FEB3 8D 04      BSR      #S20  NO MATCH FOUND - OUTPUT BLANK
00159 FEB5 20 1A      BRA      BOUT2
00160
00161                **
00162                * BOUTCH IS THE OUTPUT CHARACTER ROUTINE
00163 FEB7 DF FD      BOUTCH STX      SAVEX   SAVE X,A,&B
00164 FEB9 0F          BOUT2  SEI      DISENABLE INTERRUPTS
00165 FEBA 36          PSH A
00166 FEBB 37          PSH B
00167 FEBC CE FEE4     LDX      #LOWCAS SET POINTER TO LOWER CASE
00168 FEBF 8D 16      BSR      SEARCH TABLE AND CALL SEARCH ROUTINE
00169 FEC1 2B CC      BMI      CHKUP  IF MINUS, THEN SEARCH FAILED
00170 FEC3 D6 FC      LDA B      SHIFT  CHECK THE SHIFT FLAG
00171 FEC5 27 08      BEQ      RESTR
00172 FEC7 36          PSH A
00173 FEC8 86 1F      LDA A      #S1F   IF FLAG IS SET THEN SEND OUT
00174 FECA 8D 8F      BSR      PUT    LETTERS SHIFT AND CLEAR FLAG
00175 FECC 97 FC      STA A      SHIFT  A IS CLEAR ON RETURN FROM PUT
00176 FECE 32          PUL A
00177 FECF 8D 8A      RESTR BSR      PUT
00178 FED1 33          REST2 PUL B      RESTORE B
00179 FED2 32          PUL A      RESTORE A REG
00180 FED3 DE FD      LDX      SAVEX   RESTORE X REG
00181 FED5 0E          CLI      ENABLE INTERRUPTS
00182 FED6 39          RET      RTS     RETURN
00183                **
00184                * SUBROUTINE TO SEARCH CONVERSION TABLES
00185                * RETURNS WITH CODE IN A IF FOUND
00186                * RETURNS WITH N BIT SET IF NOT FOUND
00187                **
00188 FED7 4F          SEARCH CLR A
00189 FED8 6D 00      NXTCHK TST      X
00190 FEDA 2B FA      BMI      RET    IF MINUS - END OF TABLE
00191 FEDC E1 00      CMP B      X
00192 FEDE 27 F6      BEQ      RET    MATCH - RETURN
00193 FEE0 08          INX      INCREMENT POINTER
00194 FEE1 4C          INC A     INCREMENT OUTPUT CODE
00195 FEE2 20 F4      BRA      NXTCHK CONTINUE SEARCH
00196                **
00197                * LOWER CASE CONVERSION TABLE
00198                **
00199 FEE4 00          LOWCAS FCB      0      NULL
00200 FEE5 45          FCC      /E/
00201 FEE6 0A          FCB      SA     LINE FEED
00202 FEE7 41          FCC      /A/
00203 FEE8 20          FCB      $20   BLANK
00204 FEE9 53          FCC      /SIU/
00205 FEEA 49
00206 FEBB 55

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00205 FE0C 0D          FCB          SD          CARRIAGE RETURN
00206 FE0D 44          FCC          /DRJNFCKTZLWHYPQOBG/
      FEE0 52
      FEEF 4A
      FEF0 4E
      FEF1 46
      FEF2 43
      FEF3 4B
      FEF4 54
      FEF5 5A
      FEF6 4C
      FEF7 57
      FEF8 48
      FEF9 59
      FEFA 50
      FEFB 51
      FEFC 4F
      FEFD 42
      FEFE 47
00207 FEFF 00          FCB          0          SLOT FOR FIGURES SHIFT
00208
00209
00210
00211 FF00 4D          INCH         FCC          /MXV/
      FF01 53
      FF02 56
00213 FF03 8D 1F      HANG         BSR          POLCAT         IF BUFFER IS EMPTY
00214 FF05 24 FC      HANG         BCC          HANG           HANG AROUND FOR INTERRUPT
00215 FF07 7F 00F5    CLR          BUFULL        CLEAR THE BUFFER FULL FLAG
00216 FF0A D6 FF      LDA B        BUFFER        PUT CHAR INTO B
00217 FF0C 39          RTS          RETURN
00218
00219
00220
00221
00222
00223
00224 FF0D 8D F1      INHEX        BSR          INCH          GET A CHARACTER
00225 FF0F C0 30      SUB B        #'0
00226 FF11 2B 3D      BMI          C1          NOT HEX
00227 FF13 C1 09      CMP B        #$9
00228 FF15 2F 0A      BLE         IN1HG        NOT HEX
00229 FF17 C1 11      CMP B        #$11
00230 FF19 2B 35      BMI          C1          NOT HEX
00231 FF1B C1 16      CMP B        #$16
00232 FF1D 2E 31      BGT          C1          NOT HEX
00233 FF1F C0 07      SUB B        #7          IT'S A LETTER-GET BCD
00234 FF21 39          IN1HG        RTS          RETURN
00235
00236
00237
00238 FF22 20 93      BBOUTC       BRA          BOUTCH
00239

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```

00240          * POLE FOR CHARACTER
00241          * SET CARRY IF CHAR IN BUFFER IS CURRENT
00242          * CLEAR CARRY IF NOT CURRENT
00243          **
00244 FF24 D6 F5 POLCAT LDA B      BUFULL
00245 FF26 57      ASR B
00246 FF27 39      RTS
00247          **
00248          * LOAD PAPER TAPE
00249          * LOAD ONLY S1 TYPE RECORDS
00250          * TERMINATE ON S9 OR CHECKSUM ERROR
00251          **
00252 FF28 8D D6   LOAD   BSR      INCH      READ FRAME
00253 FF2A C0 53   SUB B      #'S
00254 FF2C 26 FA   BNE      LOAD      FIRST CHAR NOT (S)
00255 FF2E 8D D0   BSR      INCH      READ FRAME
00256 FF30 C1 39   CMP B      #'9
00257 FF32 27 1C   BEQ      C1       S9 END OF FILE
00258 FF34 C1 31   CMP B      #'1
00259 FF36 26 F0   BNE      LOAD      SECOND CHAR NOT (1)
00260 FF38 4F      CLR A      ZERO THE CHECKSUM
00261 FF39 8D 17   BSR      BYTE     READ BYTE
00262 FF3B C0 02   SUB B      #2
00263 FF3D D7 F9   STA B      BYTECT   BYTE COUNT
00264 FF3F 8D 20   BSR      BADDR    GET ADDRESS OF BLOCK
00265 FF41 8D 0F   LOAD11 BSR      BYTE     GET DATA BYTE
00266 FF43 7A 00F9 DEC      BYTECT   DECREMENT BYTE COUNT
00267 FF46 27 05   BEQ      LOAD15   DONE WITH THIS BLOCK
00268 FF48 E7 00   STA B      X       STORE DATA
00269 FF4A 08      INX      BUMP POINTER
00270 FF4B 20 F4   BRA      LOAD11   GO BACK FOR MORE
00271 FF4D 4C      LOAD15 INC A      INCREMENT CHECKSUM
00272 FF4E 27 D8   LLOAD   BEQ      LOAD      ALL OK - IT'S ZERO
00273 FF50 20 4D   C1      BRA      CRLF     CHECKSUM ERROR - QUIT
00274          **
00275          * READ BYTE (2 HEX DIGITS)
00276          * INTO B REG
00277          * A IS USED FOR PAPER TAPE CHECKSUM
00278          **
00279 FF52 8D B9   BYTE   BSR      INHEX    GET FIRST HEX DIG
00280 FF54 58     ASL B      SHIFT TO HIGH ORDER 4 BITS
00281 FF55 58     ASL B
00282 FF56 58     ASL B
00283 FF57 58     ASL B
00284 FF58 1B     ABA      ADD TO CHEKSUM
00285 FF59 D7 F8   STA B      TEMP      STORE DIGIT
00286 FF5B 8D B0   BSR      INHEX    GET 2ND HEX DIG
00287 FF5D 1B     ABA      ADD TO CHECKSUM
00288 FF5E DB F8   ADD B      TEMP      COMBINE DIGITS TO GET BYTE
00289 FF60 39     RTS      RETURN
00290          **
00291          * READ 16 BIT ADDRESS INTO X
00292          * STORE SAME ADDRESS IN XHI & XLO
00293          * CLOBBERS B REG

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00294
00295 FF61 8D EF BADDR BSR BYTE GET HIGH ORDER ADDRESS
00296 FF63 D7 FA STA B XHI STORE IT
00297 FF65 8D EB BSR BYTE GET LOW ORDER ADDRESS
00298 FF67 D7 FB STA B XLOW STORE IT
00299 FF69 DE FA LDX XHI LOAD X WITH ADDRESS BUILT
00300 FF6B 39 RTS RETURN
00301
00302 **
00303 * PRINT BYTE IN A REG
00304 * CLOBBERS B REG
00305 FF6C 16 OUT2H TAB COPY BYTE TO B
00306 FF6D 54 LSR B SHIFT TO RIGHT
00307 FF6E 54 LSR B
00308 FF6F 54 LSR B
00309 FF70 54 LSR B
00310 FF71 8D 01 BSR OUTHR OUTPUT FIRST DIGIT
00311 FF73 16 TAB BYTE INTO B AGAIN
00312 FF74 C4 0F OUTHR AND B #SF GET RID OF LEFT DIG
00313 FF76 CB 30 ADD B #$30 GET ASCII
00314 FF78 C1 39 CMP B #$39
00315 FF7A 23 05 BLS OUTCH
00316 FF7C CB 07 ADD B #7 IF IT'S A LETTER ADD 7
00317 FF7E 8C FCB $8C
00318 FF7F C6 20 OUTS LDA B #$20 OUTS PRINTS A SPACE
00319
00320 **
00321 * OUTCH OUTPUTS CHAR IN B
00322 FF81 20 9F OUTCH BRA BBOUTC
00323
00324 **
00325 * EXAMINE AND DEPOSIT NEXT
00326 * USES CONTENTS OF XHI & XLO AS POINTER
00327 FF83 DE FA NCHANG LDX XHI INCREMENT POINTER
00328 FF85 08 INX
00329 FF86 DF FA STX XHI
00330 FF88 96 FA LDA A XHI
00331 FF8A 8D E0 BSR OUT2H PRINT OUT ADDRESS
00332 FF8C 96 FB LDA A XLOW
00333 FF8E 8D DC BSR OUT2H
00334 FF90 8C FCB $8C
00335
00336 **
00337 * EXAMINE & DEPOSIT
00338 FF91 8D CE CHANGE BSR BADDR BUILD ADDRESS
00339 FF93 8D EA BSR OUTS PRINT SPACE
00340 FF95 A6 00 LDA A X BYTE INTO A
00341 FF97 8D D3 BSR OUT2H PRINT BYTE
00342 FF99 8D E4 BSR OUTS PRINT SPACE
00343 FF9B 8D B5 BSR BYTE GET NEW BYTE
00344 FF9D E7 00 STA B X STORE NEW BYTE
00345
00346 **
00347 * COMMAND DECODING SECTION

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00348 FF9F 9E F6      CRLF   LDS      SAVSTK
00349 FFA1 C6 0D      LDA B    #SD     CARRIAGE RETURN
00350 FFA3 8D DC      BSR     OUTCH
00351 FFA5 C6 0A      LDA B    #SA     LINE FEED
00352 FFA7 8D D8      BSR     OUTCH
00353 FFA9 C6 2E      LDA B    #'     PROMPT CHARACTER
00354 FFAB 8D D4      BSR     OUTCH
00355 FFAD BD FF00    JSR     INCH    READ CHARACTER
00356 FFB0 17         TBA     MAKE A COPY
00357 FFB1 8D CC      BSR     OUTS    PRINT SPACE
00358 FFB3 81 4C      CMP A   #'L
00359 FFB5 27 97      BEQ     LLOAD   LOAD PAPER TAPE
00360 FFB7 81 4A      CMP A   #'J
00361 FFB9 26 04      BNE     NOTJ
00362 FFB8 8D A4      BSR     BADDR   GET ADDRESS TO JUMP TO
00363 FFB9 6E 00      JMP     X       JUMP TO IT
00364 FFBF 81 4D      NOTJ    CMP A   #'M
00365 FFC1 27 CE      BEQ     CHANGE EXAMINE & DEPOSIT
00366 FFC3 81 4E      CMP A   #'N
00367 FFC5 27 BC      BEQ     NCHANG E & D NEXT
00368 FFC7 81 50      CMP A   #'P
00369 FFC9 26 D4      BNE     CRLF
00370 FFCB 3B         RTI     PROCEDE FROM BREAKPOINT
00371 FFCC 8E 00F5    RESET  LDS      #BUFULL INIT STACK POINTER
00372 FFCE 4F         CLR A
00373 FFD0 36         PSH A   INIT BUFFER FULL FLAG
00374 FFD1 36         PSH A   INIT EXT CHAR FLAG
00375 FFD2 36         PSH A   INIT ECHO FLAG
00376 FFD3 36         PSH A   INIT BRKADR FLAG
00377
00378 **
00379 * SOFTWARE INTERRUPT ENTRY POINT
00380 FFD4 9F F6      INTRPT STS      SAVSTK   SAVE STACK POINTER
00381 FFD6 9F FA      STS     XHI     SAVE SP FOR N COMMAND
00382 FFD8 0E         CLI     ENABLE INTERRUPTS
00383 FFD9 B6 F002    LDA A   STRAPS  IF NO TERMINAL BIT IS SET
00384 FFDC 9A F2      ORA A   BRKADR  OR BIT 7 OF BRKADR IS SET
00385 FFDE 2B 20      BMI     NOTERM  JUMP TO 0
00386 FFE0 20 BD      BRA     CRLF    TO COMMAND DECODER
00387
00388 **
00389 * EXTENDED CHARACTER TABLE
00390 FFE2 03         EXTEND FCB     3
00391 FFE3 5F         FCC     / /
00392 FFE4 1E         FCB     $IE
00393 FFE5 3D         FCC     /=/
00394 FFE6 09         FCB     $9
00395 FFE7 1B         FCB     $1B   ESCAPE CHARACTER
00396 FFE8 0D         FCB     $D
00397 FFE9 5E         FCC     / /
00398 FFEA 1A         FCB     $1A
00399 FFEB 2B         FCC     / +/
00400 FFEC 0F         FCB     $F

```

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00401	FFED	3C	FCC	/</	
00402	FFEE	12	FCB	\$12	
00403	FFEF	3E	FCC	/>/	
00404	FFF0	1C	FCB	\$1C	
00405	FFF1	2A	FCC	/*	
00406	FFF2	11	FCB	\$11	
00407	FFF3	23	FCC	/#/	
00408	FFF4	19	FCB	\$19	
00409	FFF5	25	FCC	/#/	
00410	FFF6	0C	FCB	SC	
00411	FFF7	40	FCC	/@/	
00412					
00413			**		
00414			* NOW COME THE INTERRUPT VECTORS		
00415	FFF8		**		
00416	FFF8	FE00	ORG	SFFF8	
00417	FFFA	FFD4	FDB	MIVEC	MI VECTOR
00418	FFFC	0104	FDB	INTRPT	SWI VECTOR
00419	FFFE	FFCC	FDB	NMIVEC	NMI VECTOR
00420			FDB	RESET	RESET VECTOR
			END		

MIVEC FE00  
 NMIVEC 0104  
 CRAZY 0100  
 STRAPS F002  
 NOTERM 0000  
 ACIACS F000  
 ACIADA F001  
 STACK 00F1  
 BRKADR 00F2  
 ECHO 00F3  
 EXTFLG 00F4  
 BUFULL 00F5  
 SAVSTK 00F6  
 TEMP 00F8  
 BYTECT 00F9  
 XHI 00FA  
 XLOW 00FB  
 SHIFT 00FC  
 SAVEX 00FD  
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 UPCAS FE0A  
 GETBIT FE29  
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 NIUP FE3F  
 ADDAX FE4F  
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 NXTBIT FE5E  
 WAIT11 FE68  
 WAIT FE6B  
 UPCAR FE6F  
 EXTCAR FE79  
 CHKNXT FE7E

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OUTS	FF7F
OUTCH	FF81
NCHANG	FF83
CHANGE	FF91
CRLF	FF9F
NOTJ	FFBF
RESET	FFCC
INTRPT	FFD4
EXTEND	FFE2

TOTAL ERRORS 00000

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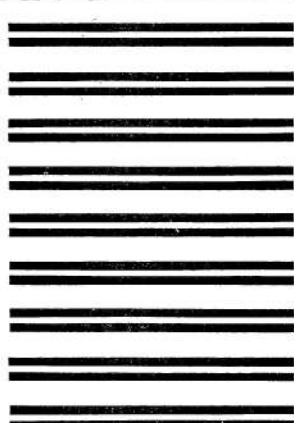
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